

SLC37A4 gene

solute carrier family 37 member 4

Normal Function

The *SLC37A4* gene provides instructions for making a protein called glucose 6-phosphate translocase. This protein transports the sugar molecule glucose 6-phosphate from the fluid inside the cell (cytoplasm) to the endoplasmic reticulum, which is a structure inside cells that is involved in protein processing and transport. At the membrane of the endoplasmic reticulum, glucose 6-phosphate translocase works together with the glucose 6-phosphatase protein (produced from the *G6PC* gene) to break down glucose 6-phosphate. The breakdown of this molecule produces the simple sugar glucose, which is the primary energy source for most cells in the body.

Health Conditions Related to Genetic Changes

Glycogen storage disease type I

More than 80 mutations in the *SLC37A4* gene have been found to cause glycogen storage disease type Ib (GSDIb). Most of these mutations change single protein building blocks (amino acids) in glucose 6-phosphate translocase. *SLC37A4* gene mutations disrupt the normal functioning of glucose 6-phosphate translocase and prevent the transport of glucose 6-phosphate to the endoplasmic reticulum. If glucose 6-phosphate cannot get to the endoplasmic reticulum, it cannot get broken down and glucose is not produced. Glucose 6-phosphate that is not broken down to glucose is converted to fat and glycogen, a complex sugar that is stored within cells. Too much fat and glycogen stored within a cell can be toxic. This buildup damages organs and tissues throughout the body, particularly the liver and kidneys, leading to the signs and symptoms of GSDIb. For reasons that are unclear, mutations in the *SLC37A4* gene also cause a shortage of white blood cells (neutropenia) in people with GSDIb.

Other Names for This Gene

- G6PT1
- G6PT1_HUMAN
- glucose-6-phosphate translocase
- solute carrier family 37 (glucose-6-phosphate transporter), member 4

Additional Information & Resources

Tests Listed in the Genetic Testing Registry

- Tests of SLC37A4 ([https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/all/tests/?term=2542\[geneid\]](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/all/tests/?term=2542[geneid]))

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/?term=%28%28SLC37A4%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28glucose-6-phosphate+translocase%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+OR+%28G6PT1%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+%28%28Genes%5BMH%5D%29+OR+%28Genetic+Phenomena%5BMH%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D%29%29%29>)

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- SOLUTE CARRIER FAMILY 37 (GLUCOSE-6-PHOSPHATE TRANSPORTER), MEMBER 4; SLC37A4 (<https://omim.org/entry/602671>)

Gene and Variant Databases

- NCBI Gene (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/2542>)
- ClinVar ([https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/clinvar?term=SLC37A4\[gene\]](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/clinvar?term=SLC37A4[gene]))

References

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Genomic Location

The *SLC37A4* gene is found on chromosome 11 (<https://medlineplus.gov/genetics/chromosome/11/>).

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